

DFW Final Examination
Batch – A-07
Paper I
obstetrics and Neonatology

Time: 2 hrs

All questions are of equal value

Marks 100

Question 1

- a. What **are** the different types of Pelvis ?
- h. What is the boundary of the **in let** of the pelvis ?
- c. **Describe** antro—posterior, oblique, and transverse diameter of brim of pelvis and give their measurements.
- d. What is the plane of greatest pelvic dimension and give its measurements ?

4+4+9+8

Question 2

- a. Give details of Dawn Rule of Ten.
- b. How does it help in Antenatal Care ?
- c. What are the Standard Drugs prescribed during normal antenatal period?

15+5+5

Question 3

- a. What are the causes of APH?
- b. How do you manage a patient with a bleeding PV at 32 weeks of gestation ?

5+20

Question 4

- a. How do you diagnose a case of incomplete abortion'?
- b manage such a case.
- c. What are the complications of Dilation and Evacuation'?

15+5+5

DFW Final Examination
Batch - B/07
Paper I
Obstetrics and Neonatology

Time: 2 hrs

All Questions are of equal value
Answer all Questions

Marks 100

Question 1

- a. What are the different types of pelvis?
- b. What is the boundary of the inlet of the pelvis?
- c. Describe the antero posterior diameter of the brim. obstetric conjugate and diagonal conjugate. Give their measurements.
- d. What is moulding?
- e. What is Caput Succedaneum?

4+4+9+4+4

Question 2

- a. Define normal labour.
- b. Describe the mechanism of normal labour in left occipito anterior position.
- c. What are the causes of internal rotation?

5+16+4

Question 3

- a. What is the standard practice of immunization schedule in antenatal period?
- b. What standard drugs should be used during pregnancy?
- c. What drugs are to be avoided during pregnancy?
- d. What drugs are contraindicated in pregnancy?
- e. If a woman plans a pregnancy, what are the ideal conditions she must fulfill?
- f. Which drugs, are of doubtful benefit during pregnancy?

5+10+2+3+2+3

Question 4

- a. What is Hydatidiform Mole?
- b. Give the macroscopic and microscopic picture of a H. Mole
- c. What investigations are done to diagnose a case of H. Mole?
- d. What is its treatment?

4+6+6+9

DFW Final Examination, 2007

BATCH C/07

Paper -I

Obstetrics & Neonatology

Time —2 hrs.

All questions are of Equal value

Marks -100

1.
 - a) What is Obstetric outlet and give its boundary?
 - b) Describe the Antero -Posterior, Transverse and Posterior Sagittal diameter of the outlet and give their measurements.
 - c) What is the other name of Obstetric outlet?
 - d) What is waste space of Morris?
 - e) What is the clinical importance of waste space of Morris?

5+12+1+3+4 =25

2. Describe the cardiovascular changes in Pregnancy. 25

3.
 - a) Give your current practice of providing antenatal care.
 - b) Enumerate the standard laboratory test done.
 - c) What are the Clinical importances of abnormal test results?

10+5+10 =25

4.
 - a) What is Bishop Score?
 - b) How it is done?
 - c) What is its clinical importance?
 - d) Describe the procedure of Pre induction Cervical ripening?

2+8+5+10 =25

DFW Final Examination 2007
Batch – D/07
Paper I
Obstetrics and Neonatology

Time: 2 hrs All questions are of equal value
Answer all questions

Marks 100

Question 1

Define

- a. Foetal attitude.
- b. Lie of Foetus
- c. Presentation including types.
- d. Name different denominators.
- e. Different positions of the presenting part.

$3+5+5+3+9=25$

Question 2

- a. Describe Dawn Rule of Ten (antenatal care)
- b. Write down a food chart for a pregnant woman.

$15 + 10 = 25$

Question 3

- a. How do you diagnose a case of inevitable abortion?
- b. how do you treat such a case for—
 - i. Pregnancy upto 12 weeks?
 - ii. Pregnancy after 12 weeks?
- c. What are different grades of septic abortion with clinical features in a nutshell?

$6 + 12 + 7 = 25$

Question 4

- a. Define abruptio placentae.
- b. What is its probable etiology?
- c. What are the clinical types?
- d. What are the clinical features of abruptio placentae'?

$3+6+3+13=25$

DRCH & DFW Final Examination

Session : 2007-2008

Paper – I

Obstetrics and Neonatology

Time : 2 hrs.

Maximum Marks : 100

Question 1

- a. What are the aims and objectives of antenatal care & routine and specific investigations done during ANC 15
- b. Give the Details of Dawn Rule of 10. (Antenatal care) 10

Question 2

- a. What are various diameters and parts of female Pelvis. 8
- b. In foetal skull what are various engaging diameter. 8
- c. Mechanism of normal labour 9

Question 3

- a. How will you manage 3rd stage of Labour. 10
- b. What are various types of PPH. 8
- c. Write in brief indication steps and complication of episiotomy. 7

Question 4

Write Short Notes on

- a. Vaccination Schedule of New Born 8
- b. Asphyxia Neonatorum 8
- c. Prematurity 9

DFW/DRCH FINAL EXAMINATION– 2009
Paper I
Obstetrics and Neonatology
(CB – LKO)

Time : 2 hrs
Marks : 100

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|-----------|---|--|----|
| Q1 | a | Importance of “DAWN RULE OF TEN” in Antenatal Care? | 8 |
| | b | Enumerate the antenatal investigation (Antenatal Profile) | 9 |
| | c | What are the high risk factors in pregnancy ? | 8 |
|
 | | | |
| Q2 | | Write in brief | |
| | a | Causes of PPH | 8 |
| | b | Management of PPH | 8 |
| | c | Management of eclampsia | 9 |
|
 | | | |
| Q3 | a | Define normal labour? What are various stages and duration of labour | 13 |
| | b | What is prolong labour? What are the causes of prolong labour? | 12 |
|
 | | | |
| Q4 | | Write Short notes: | |
| | a | Neonatal mortality? | 6 |
| | b | Maternal mortality? | 6 |
| | c | Breast feeding? | 6 |
| | d | Asphyxia Neonatorium? | 7 |

DFW FINAL EXAMINATION 2010
Paper I
Obstetrics and Neonatology
Centres : Kolkata & Lucknow

Date : 30-05-2010
Time : 2 hrs
Marks : 100

Please write the question nos and allotted marks. Answer questions in the same order as serially printed.

- Q1** a Enumerate causes of bleeding in 1st trimester of Pregnancy. 4
b Discuss clinical features and investigations of vesicular mole. 6
c How do you manage a case of Ectopic Pregnancy (Medical & Surgical). 15
- Q2** a Lower segment of uterus. 5
b Indication of Caesarean Section. 5
c Steps of Lower Segment Caesarean Section. 15
- Q3** a Mechanism of Normal Labour 10
b Dawn Rule of Ten Antenatal Care 10
c Role of Partography in Management of Labour. 5
- Q4** **Write short note (any five) :** 5 X 5
a Resuscitation of Newborn
b Triple Test
c Bandle's Ring
d Maternal Mortality
E PPTCT
g Mag Sulph Regime in Eclampsia (in short)